

Department of City Development

City Plan Commission Historic Preservation Commission Neighborhood Improvement Development Corporation Redevelopment Authority Rocky Marcoux Commissioner

Martha L. Brown Deputy Commissioner

9/9/2011 OFFICIAL NOTICE NO. **155**

ADDENDUM NO. 1

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS intending to bid on the above noted Official Notice. This bidder shall acknowledge receipt of this addendum on the appropriate page in their bid. The following attached documents, together with this cover page, constitute this entire addendum.

- 1. There will be a third, post addendum, optional walk through on Monday, September 12th from 9am-3pm.
- 2. The following shall be added to the scope of work:
 - "The contractor is responsible for testing residual debris and sediment after pumping the tunnel and various pits throughout the project area. Debris or sediment that contains asbestos above regulatory limits shall be abated and disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations."
- 3. The attached building summary for Building 64W40 and Building 58 were inadvertently left out of the original bid packet: Summary of Bldg. 64W40 (23 pages) and Summary of Bldg. 58 (19 pages)
- 4. Attached is a document showing the approximate locations of damaged roofing (1 page)
- 5. Attached is the Building Information Summary for Project Areas A, B, & C (1page)
- 6. The attached "Bid Response Form" (Attachment B) shall replace in its entirety the "Bid Response Form" included in the original Bid packet. ALL BID COSTS MUST BE SUBMITTED ON ATTACHMENT B.
- 7. Attached are the following documents from the mandatory walkthrough on 8/29/11 and the optional walkthrough on 8/31/11: Questions and answers (received via e-mail and at walkthroughs) and sign in sheets

Very truly yours,

Scott Stange

Contract Compliance Office

General Note

Prism Technical Services is assisting the City/RACM with this bid. For questions regarding RPP, EBE, and prevailing wage issues, please contact Lafayette Crump at Prism Technical. Mr. Crump's contact information is: Phone: 414.847.0990 x103 and E-mail: lcrump@prismtechnical.com

PRE-DEMOLITION BUILDING ASSESSMENT FOR ASBESTOS, LEAD-BASED PAINT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Century City Redevelopment Project 3533 North 27th Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Project Area B Building 64W40

Owner:

Redevelopment Authority of the City of Milwaukee 809 N. Broadway Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 Tel: (414) 286-5800

Prepared By:

Midwest Engineering Services, Inc. 821 Corporate Ct., Suite 102 Waukesha, WI 53189 Tel: (262) 521-2125

Michael W. Rehfeldt

Asbestos Inspector/Lead Risk Assessor

Shelley Hildebrandt, P.G.

Asbestos Inspector

Patrick J. Patterson, P.E., P.G.

Environmental Department Manager

MES Project No. 7-112013 August 15, 2011

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BUILDING 64W40 SUMMARY

General

The subject site is comprised of the Century City Redevelopment Project (CCRP) Areas – A, B and C. The address of the overall CCRP site for is 3533 N. 27th Street, in the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53216. Building 64W40 is generally located within the middle-eastern portion of CCRP Area "B" and is a two-story structural addition to the interior east side of Building that was constructed inside the eastern portion of Building 64. Photographs and a drawing for Building 64W40 (Figure 3) are included in the Appendix. Also, summary tables that indicate the locations and quantities of the detected ACM, lead-based paint and hazardous materials are included in the Appendix.

The Pre-Demolition Assessment (Assessment) activities at Building 64W40 were performed on June 13, 14, and 29 2011. At the time that the Assessment activities were performed, Building 64W40 was comprised of two (2) story structure that appeared to have been previously utilized for utilities and computer services for Bldg 40 along with offices for both Building 40 and Building 64.

<u>Personnel</u>

Position	Name	Company	WI DHS Certification
Asbestos Inspectors	Michael Rehfeldt	MES	All-13268
•	Shelley Hildebrandt	MES	AII-4373
	Travis Peterson	Kapur (KA)	All-122638
Lead Risk Assessor	Michael Rehfeldt	MES	LRA-13268
Hazardous Materials Assessors	Patrick Patterson	MES	
	Brian Youngwirth	MES	

BUILDING OBSERVATIONS AND SUSPECT ACM

Structure

The observed structural components of Building 64W40 were comprised of brick, concrete and metal. None of the observed remnant structural materials were considered suspect ACM, and no samples of structural materials were collected.

Finishes

Interior Walls— Most of the interior walls were comprised of drywall; however, other observed

interior wall materials included wood wall paneling (attached with mastic), CMUs, and brick (within the upper level utility room and behind drywall in the southern-most room on the lower level). Also, mopboards were observed attached to base of walls with mastic, and chair-rails were observed attached to walls with mastic. Each of the observed interior wall materials (and associated mastics) was considered suspect ACM and was sampled.

Interior Ceilings – The interior ceilings were generally comprised of suspended acoustic ceiling tiles (ACT) (2'x4' tiles), and concealed spline type ACT (12-inch square tiles). However, plaster was observed in the hallway. These materials are considered suspect ACM, and were sampled.

Exterior Walls – The exterior walls were comprised of concrete masonry units (CMU) for the north and west wall lines. The east and south wall lines were comprised of brick associated with Building 40 to the east and Building 51 to the south. Samples of the homogenous mortar were previously collected from the adjoining Building 64 and adjacent Building 70. As such, no additional samples of this homogenous material were collected at Building 64W40.

Floors — Most of the floors of the building were concrete base floors covered with carpet (and associated mastic), floor tiles, or terrazzo flooring material. A wood floor area was covered with floor tiles. Each of these flooring materials was considered suspect ACM and was sampled.

Roofing Materials

The observed roof components of Building 64W40 were comprised plywood. None of the observed materials were considered suspect ACM, and no samples of the materials were collected.

Thermal System Insulation (TSI)

Thermal system insulation (TSI) was observed over horizontal and vertical piping system components (including pipe runs, elbows, joints and fittings) that were observed on both levels of the building and behind wall cavities and at some limited observation points above ceilings. Some fiberglass TSI was observed over pipe system components; however, fiberglass is not considered suspect ACM and was not sampled. Typically, observed fiberglass TSI was marked with a red "X". The observed pipe system TSI within Building 64W40 that is not fiberglass appeared to be homogenous with previously observed and sampled ACM from the adjoining and adjacent buildings within the former Tower Automotive facility that laboratory analysis results indicated to be ACM. As such, the observed pipe system TSI within Building 64W40 that was not fiberglass is "assumed" pipe insulation TSI and no additional samples were collected.

Ten (10) electrical fuse and switch boxes were observed in the 2nd level Utility Room within Building 64W40 that contained insulation panel material which appeared homogenous with the

material observed in fuse and switch boxes located in the adjoining and adjacent buildings at the subject site (typical of 'transite" ACM). Additionally, the laboratory analysis results of samples of this homogenous insulation panel material that was collected in the other buildings at the subject site indicated that the observed fuse and switch box insulation panel material of this nature is ACM. As such, no additional samples were collected, and the observed electric fuse and switch boxes within Building 64W40 are assumed to contain "transite" ACM asbestos insulation panels.

Miscellaneous Materials

The HVAC system vibration damper fabric in the 2nd Level Utility Room was sampled.

SUMMARY OF ACM

A material is considered to be asbestos-containing by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), State of Wisconsin and City of Milwaukee if at least one bulk material sample collected from a homogeneous area is found to contain one (1) percent or greater (≥1%) asbestos fibers by volume, or if the material appears to be typical of similar (homogeneous) ACM and is assumed as such. A summary of the detected ACM, locations and estimated quantities are included in Table 1 (located in the Appendix), and a complete summary of the materials that were sampled and tested are included in Table 4 in the Appendix. Also, the locations of the collected samples are indicated on Figure 3 in the Appendix, and the laboratory analysis results report and chain-of custody are provided in the Appendix.

Based on the observations and the laboratory analysis results the following materials at Building 64 are ACM (or assumed as ACM):

- Pipe System TSI (non-fiberglass), inner and outer layers, various diameters, A28 to E28, A29 to D29 and A29 in Building 64W40
- Electrical Fuse/Switch Box Insulation Panels (Black and Gray/Silver), in the 2nd Level Utility/Air Handling Room
- Duct Wrap (non-fiberglass), located in the 2nd Level Utility/Air Handling Room
- Black mastic on 9"x9" Floor Tiles 2nd Level Control/Power Room and Hallway
- Black mastic on 12"x12" Floor Tiles 1st Level Hallway and Northwest Office

LEAD-BASED PAINT TESTING

Building Component Observations

Exterior painted concrete or masonry building components were observed at Building 64W40. Additionally, painted interior brick and CMU walls were observed in Building 64W40. As such, these painted components were tested utilizing an XRF analyzer.

Summary of X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Test Results

As indicated in the XRF test results provided in the Appendix (titled "Lead-Paint Inspection Report"), lead-based paint was detected on some of the lower portions (below 5 feet) of the painted brick associated with the 1st level of the northeast stairwell and the southeast corner of the 2nd floor utility room in Building 64W40. In the State of Wisconsin, a paint film layer that contains a concentration of 0.7 mg/cm² (or greater) by XRF analysis is considered "lead-based paint". The location and area of the lead-based paint affected components are summarized on Table 2 in the Appendix.

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL ASSESSMENT

<u>Activities and Observations</u>

The hazardous material assessment activities at Building 64W40 (and the immediate surrounding vicinity) generally consisted of observation, evaluation, cataloging and quantifying any observed hazardous materials or components and items within the buildings and associated exterior areas that may contain hazardous material, or materials that require special handling and/or disposal. These materials may include (but are not limited to): polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs), mercury-containing components, petroleum based products, oils, chemicals, radiation sources (such as tritium exit signs); and including other such items such as containers, drums, tanks, batteries, tires, and dry chemical fire extinguishers or halon systems.

More specifically, observations performed for building components or equipment and items that could contain PCBs typically included electrical system transformers and ballasts for fluorescent light systems or hydraulic oils; typical potential CFC and/or HCFC containing components included air conditioning or refrigeration units and drinking water fountain units; and typical potential mercury containing components or items include fluorescent bulbs, mercury vapor and high intensity discharge (HID) lamps or bulbs, switches, thermostats, and other temperature control or monitoring devices.

No handling, sampling or testing of any observed hazardous material or suspect hazardous materials and items was performed, and was not included within the scope of work. Also, any observed unlabeled and labeled containers or tanks were only cataloged and quantified based

on visual evaluation, and were not opened or otherwise accessed to observe the nature, and/or condition of the contents. Additionally, no access or entry to permit required confined spaces was allowed or performed during this Assessment to perform observations.

Summary of Hazardous Materials Assessment

Mercury-containing items: Based on observations of the interior, ceiling-mounted fluorescent light systems in Building 64W40, a total of 144 fluorescent light bulbs were observed to have silver metal end tabs. As such, it is estimated that 100% of the fluorescent light bulbs within Building 64W40 have silver metal end tabs. Fluorescent bulbs of this nature typically contain mercury at levels which exceed the U.S. EPA standard for mercury in waste. Also, two (2) mercury-containing thermostats were observed within the 1st level (southern-most room and the conference room), two (2) mercury-containing thermostats were observed within the 2nd level (north power/control room and hallway, and the fire suppression room), and six (6) mercury-containing thermostats were observed mounted on the east wall of the utility and air handling room.

PCB-containing items: Based on observation of the labels of interior fluorescent lighting system ballasts in Building 64W40, it is estimated that approximately 30% to 35% of the interior light system ballasts are considered to be PCB-containing. Additionally, three (3) PCB-containing transformers were observed within the hallway of the 2nd level Control Room of Building 64W40 and one (1) PCB-containing transformer was observed on the balcony of Building 64W40.

CFC/HCFC containing items: One (1) wall-mounted air-conditioning unit was observed in the 1st level southern-most room, one (1) larger air-conditioning unit was observed in the control room hallway within Building 64 and three (3) apparent cooling coils were observed to be associated with the large air handling unit within the 2nd level Utility and Air Handling Room.

Containers: one quart oil can in 2nd level stairwell; and in the 2nd level Utility and Air Handling Room the following items were observed - Two (2) containers of parts and oil and grease cleaners, a container of floor wax, a container of floor soap, two cans of enamel paints, one open case of grease containers, one can of refrigeration oil, one unlabeled can with a poison and flammable label, and three (3) unlabeled bottles and jars of unknown liquid.

Halon containing items: One (1) Fiquench 1301 Fire Extinguishing System with 40 gallon tank of Halon in Hallway of 2nd level Control Room and one (1) Fiquench 1201 Halon Fire Extinguisher in 2nd level Control/Power Room.

Fire Extinguishers: One (1) carbon dioxide extinguisher in 2nd level Utility and Air Handling Room.

Miscellaneous: One microwave in 1st level conference room.

At the time that the Assessment Activities were performed at Building 64W40, no obvious evidence of other building components, equipment or other items was observed within Building 64W40 (or the immediate surrounding vicinity), that is typically considered hazardous, potentially hazardous, or may require special handling and/or disposal.

BUILDING 64W40 ASSESSMENT RESULTS

Asbestos Containing Material

A summary of the ACM and estimated quantities are included in Table 1 (located in the Appendix), and a complete summary of the materials that were sampled and tested are included in Table 4 in the Appendix. Also, the locations of the collected samples are indicated on Figures 1 and 2 in the Appendix, and the laboratory analysis results report and chain-of custody are provided in the Appendix.

Based on the observations and the laboratory analysis results the following materials at Building 64 are ACM (or assumed as ACM):

- Pipe System TSI (non-fiberglass), inner and outer layers, various diameters, A28 to E28, A29 to D29 and A29 in Building 64W40
- <u>Electrical Fuse/Switch Box Insulation Panels (Black and Gray/Silver), in the 2nd Level Utility/Air Handling Room</u>
- Duct Wrap (non-fiberglass), located in the 2nd Level Utility/Air Handling Room
- Black mastic on 9"x9" Floor Tiles 2nd Level Control/Power Room and Hallway
- Black mastic on 12"x12" Floor Tiles 1st Level Hallway and Northwest Office

Federal, State and City of Milwaukee regulations require that ACM be properly handled and disposed prior to, or during demolition activities. Asbestos-containing materials are classified into three categories. Non-friable ACM, such as resilient floor coverings, mastics and asphalt roofing products are classified as Category I material. Category II materials are those, other than Category I materials, that when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Materials, which can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure comprise the third category, known as Friable ACM.

The HVAC duct wrap and tape TSI and pipe system component TSI ACM that is present over the pipe runs, elbows, joints and fittings throughout Building 64W40 are Friable ACM. As such, these materials are required to be removed prior to demolition by a State of Wisconsin

DHS certified asbestos abatement contractor utilizing personnel that are certified as an "Asbestos Worker" by DHS.

With regard to the Category II ACM switch and fuse box insulation panels, it is recommended that these materials be removed intact prior to demolition and handled in a manner to prevent potential damage that could render the materials friable. As such, the removal and disposal of the Category II ACM must be performed by a State of Wisconsin DHS certified asbestos abatement contractor utilizing personnel that are certified as an "Asbestos Worker" by DHS.

The Category I ACM the mastic on the 9-inch and 12-inch square floor tiles generally appeared to be in fair to poor condition. Additionally, considering the nature of typical demolition activities, these Category I materials are considered likely to become friable during such activities. As such, it is recommended that these Category I materials be removed prior to the start of demolition activities. Therefore, the removal and disposal of the Category I ACM must be performed by a State of Wisconsin DHS certified asbestos abatement contractor utilizing personnel that are certified as an "Asbestos Worker" by DHS.

However, at the time of demolition the Category I ACM must be separated from other building demolition debris, and disposed of separately as ACM at an appropriate construction and demolition (C&D) landfill facility. Additionally, it is recommended that the demolition contractor utilize a water spray or mist when performing the demolition and subsequent removal of the Category I materials to minimize the potential for airborne emissions in general accordance with WDNR guidelines. Also, the exterior Category I materials must be removed and separated by properly trained and State certified "Exterior Asbestos Worker" personnel. Additionally, the materials must be removed in a manner that does not render the friable during the process. As such, ACM materials must not be subjected to dry cutting, sawing, or abrading methods.

It must be recognized that if during demolition the asbestos containing materials (regardless of category or condition) become intermixed with other building materials or demolition debris that does not contain asbestos, then all of the intermixed building materials are considered to be asbestos containing. Further, if it is planned for any of the building materials to be recycled (a typical practice for demolition contractors), then all ACM must be removed from the non-ACM material (or substrate) that is to be recycled prior to demolition, and properly disposed.

Lead-Based Paint

As indicated in the XRF test results provided in the Appendix (titled "Lead-Paint Inspection Report"), lead-based paint was detected on some of the lower portions (below 5 feet) of the painted brick associated with the 1st level of the northeast stainwell and the southeast corner of the 2nd floor utility room in Building 64W40. In the State of Wisconsin, a paint film layer that contains a concentration of 0.7 mg/cm² (or greater) by XRF analysis is considered "lead-based paint". The overall quantity of lead-based paint affected brick within Building 64W40 is

approximately 80 square feet. The location and area of the lead-based paint affected components are summarized on Table 2 in the Appendix.

Hazardous Materials

The following items were observed within Building 64W40 (and the immediate surrounding vicinity) that are typically considered as hazardous materials, regulated materials or materials that may require special handling and/or disposal.

Mercury-containing items: Based on observations of the interior, ceiling-mounted fluorescent light systems in Building 64W40, a total of 144 fluorescent light bulbs were observed to have silver metal end tabs. As such, it is estimated that 100% of the fluorescent light bulbs within Building 64W40 have silver metal end tabs. Fluorescent bulbs of this nature typically contain mercury at levels which exceed the U.S. EPA standard for mercury in waste. Also, two (2) mercury-containing thermostats were observed within the 1st level (southern-most room and the conference room), two (2) mercury-containing thermostats were observed within the 2nd level (north power/control room and hallway, and the fire suppression room), and six (6) mercury-containing thermostats were observed mounted on the east wall of the utility and air handling room.

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Containers: one quart oil can in 2nd level stairwell; and in the 2nd level Utility and Air Handling Room the following items were observed - Two (2) containers of parts and oil and grease cleaners, a container of floor wax, a container of floor soap, two cans of enamel paints, one open case of grease containers, one can of refrigeration oil, one unlabeled can with a poison and flammable label, and three (3) unlabeled bottles and jars of unknown liquid.

Halon containing items: One (1) Fiquench 1301 Fire Extinguishing System with 40 gallon tank of Halon in Hallway of 2nd level Control Room and one (1) Fiquench 1201 Halon Fire Extinguisher in 2nd level Control/Power Room.

Fire Extinguishers: One (1) carbon dioxide extinguisher in 2nd level Utility and Air Handling Room.

Miscellaneous: One microwave in 1st level conference room.

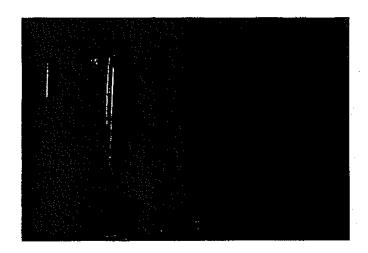
At the time that the Assessment Activities were performed at Building 64W40, no obvious evidence of other building components, equipment or other items was observed within Building 64W40 (or the immediate surrounding vicinity), that is typically considered hazardous, potentially hazardous, or may require special handling and/or disposal.

GENERAL COMMENTS

This Assessment has been conducted in a manner consistent with that level of care ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing in the same locality under similar conditions. The findings, recommendations and opinions contained herein have been promulgated in accordance with generally accepted practice in similar fields. No other representations, expressed or implied, and no warranty or guarantee is included or intended in this report.

APPENDIX

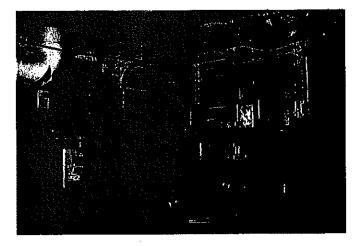
- Photographs (3)
- Figure 1 Area B Bldg. 64 (Asbestos Sample Locations)
- Table 1 Summary of Asbestos Containing Materials (1)
- Table 2 Summary of Lead Based Paint (1)
- Table 3 Summary of Hazardous Materials (1)
- Table 4- Summary of Asbestos Sample Analysis Results (3)
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- XRF Lead Paint Inspection Report (4)
- Personnel and Company Certifications (7)



 South Room along the southern wall line of Bldg 64W40.



2. View of hallway on 2nd Level of 64W40 showing transformers.



3. Photo of the 2nd level utility room of Building 64W40.



SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Century City Redevelopment Project (CCRP)
Area B
Building 64W40

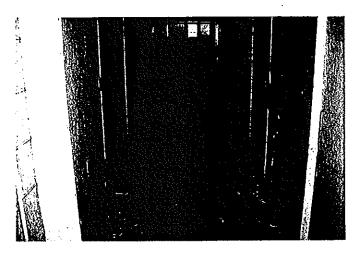
Project Number:

7-112013

Initials: MWR



Photograph of the air handling unit ob-served in the 2nd level utility room of Building 64W40.



View of 1st level hallway of Bldg 64W40.

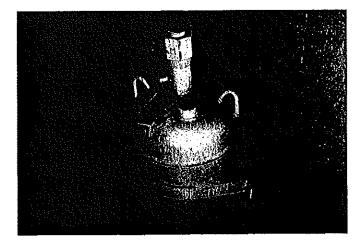


Photo of the tank of halon for the fire suppression system on the 2nd level of Building 64W40.



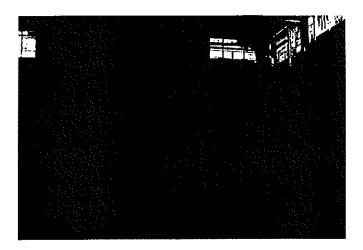
SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Century City Redevelopment Project (CCRP) Area B Bullding 64W40

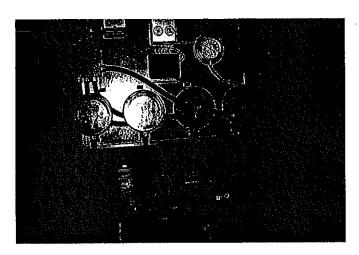
Project Number:

7-112013

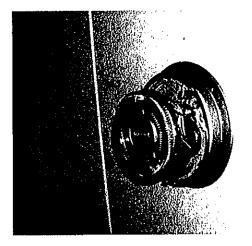
Initials: MWR



7. Photograph of Building 64W40.



8. View of mercury switches observed in the upper utility room.



9. Photo of a mercury switch observed in the 1st level conference room.

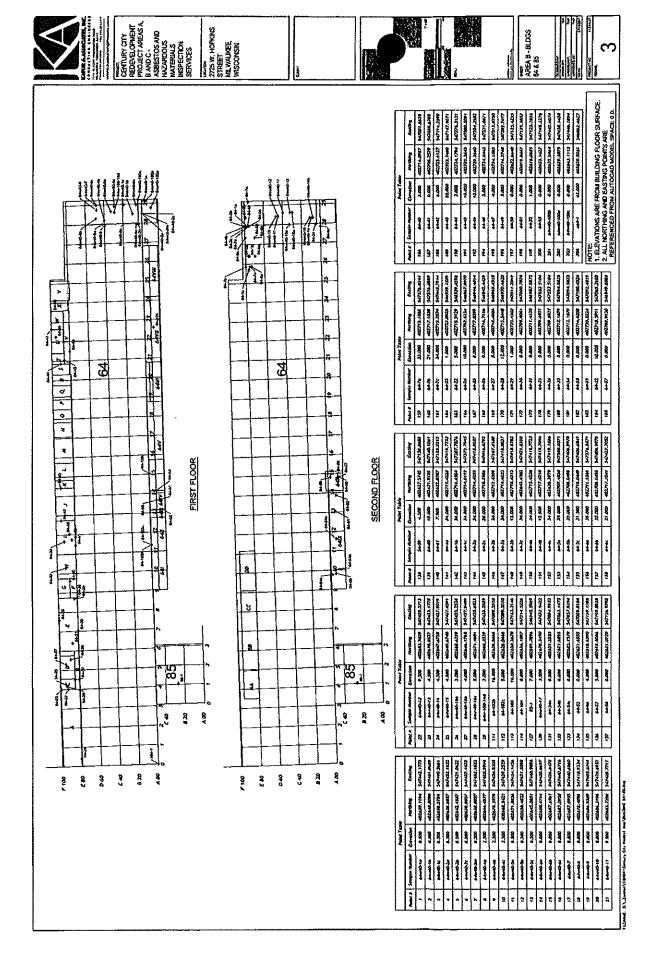


SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Century City Redevelopment Project (CCRP) Area B Building 64W40 Project Number:

7-112013

Initials: MWR



Project Areas A, B, and C MES Project No. 7-112013

Table 1 Summary of ACM Building 64W40

<u>Material</u>	Building Total Quantity	Locations (Rooms)
Black mastic from 12"x12" floor tile	300 SF	1st Floor, hallway and north office
Floor Tile		
9" x 9" with black mastic (assumed)	800 SF	2nd floor
TSI		
Duct wrap	120 SF	2nd floor, utility room
Pipe wrap	490 LF	A28 to E28
		A29 to D29
		A29

Century City Redevelopment Project Areas A, B, and C MES Project No. 7-112013

Table 2 Summary of Lead Based Paint (LBP) Building 64W40

Component/Material/Color	Area/Quantity of LBP	Locations (Areas & Rooms)
Wall (lower 5'), Brick, Beige	70 SF	1st Floor, NE Stairwell
Wall, Brick, Green	20 SF	2nd Floor, Utility Room, SE corner

Table 3 Hazardous Materials

nazardous materials

Building 64W40(Eastern Offices of Building 64)/Parcel B

Room # / Location	CFCs and HCFCs	HCFCs	Mer	Mercury /Sodium	đium	11.	PCBs	Fire	Solve	1	Radiation		
NOOH # 1 FOCGROOM	Air Water Conditioners Fountains	Water Fountains	Flourescent Bulbs	HID	Thermostats/ Switches	Ballasts	Ballasts Transformers		Datteries	<u> </u>	Sources	Containers	Miscellaneous
					1st Floor								
SW Corner Room w/ Green Walls	1		16		1	8							
Center Room/Conference			30										
Closet off Center Room			4									1	
Hailway			8			4		-					
NW Room			18			4							
					2nd Floor								
Stairwell between 182			4									_	
Womens Restroom			16			4							TO THE WASHINGTON
North Power/Control Room/ Hallway	1				-		т	1 (a)				4-	
West Central Room w/ fire suppression sys.			28		-			1(3)					
Utility Room/ Air Handling	ε		9		9			₹*				16	
Eastern Hallway w/bad floor			10				•						***************************************
					3rd Floor								
Balcony Area			4				1					-	
a) halon fire extinguisher system	ystem												

TABLE 4
Asbestos Bulk Samples

Building 64-W40

Room	Location North	Location East	Height	Description	Asbestos PLM	Point Count	Condition	Sampte No
Grid	-A+4	28+19	4	Drywail system	<1% Chrysotile	<0.25		64-W40-2B
Grid	A+0	29+10	*	Drywall system	<1% Chrysotile	<0.25		64-W40-2C
Grid	6+0	28+6	0	Multicolor mastic from 12x12" floor tile	3% Chrysotile		Good	64-W40-6B II
Grid	6+ ù	28+6	0	Black mastic (re-sampte) from 12x12" floor tile	5% Chrysotile		Good	64-W40-5B-11-M
Utility Room			7	Gray layer of Brown Duct Insulation	55% Chrysotile		Foir	64W40-100B
Grid	6+0	28+6	0	12x12" floor tlle, gray	None Detected			64-W40-6B
Grid	C+2	28+0	0	12x12" floor tite, gray	None Detected	The state of the s		64-W40-6A
g _{rd}	8° + O	29+0	0	12x12" foor tille, mastic	None Detected			64-W40-6C
Srid	-A+0	29+0	80	1x1* white accustical ceiling tile, splined	None Detected			64-W40-1A
Grid	-A+10	29+10	89	1x1' white accustical celling tile, splined	None Detected			64-W40-1B
Grid	-A+19.5	29+19	œ	1x1' white accustical ceiling tile, splined	None Detected			64-W40-1C
Grid	8+12	28+12	0	2x2 floor tile, off-white	None Detected			64-W40-13
Grid	A+6	28+19	8.5	2x2' acoustical celing tile	None Detected			64-W40-5C
Grid	8+0	28+0	8.5	2x2' acoustical celing tile	None Detected			64-W40-5B
Grid	B+13	28+13	8.5	2x2' acoustical celing tile	None Detected			64-W40-5A
Grid	6+∀-	28+6	4.5	Black heat exchanger joint wrap	None Detected	The second secon		64-W40-15
Grid	0 <u>+</u> 0	27+18	0	Black mastic from brown mopboard, lowest layer	None Detected			64-W40-8 III

Room	Location North	Location East	Height	Description	Asbestos PLM	Point Count	Condition	Sample No
Grid	A+0	29+10	Ф	Black mopboard mastic	None Detected			64-W40-3M
Grid	C+5	28+8	3.5	Black tar paper	None Detected			64-W40-12
Grid	C+2	28+0	O	Brown mastic from 12x12" floor tile, gray	None Detected			64-W40-6A II
Grid	0+ 0	27+18	0	Brown mopboand, outer layer	None Detected		W	64-W40-8
Grid	.A+0	29+10	4	Drywali only	Name Detected			64-W40-2A
Grid	₩+11	28+6	4.S	Gray heat tape	None Detected			64-W40-14
Grid	C+8.5	29+0	0	Gray mopboard	None Detected			64-W40-7
Utility Room			co.	Gray vibration cloth	None Dechected			64W40-100C
Grid	B+9.5	28+12	က	Light brown drywall spacer strips	None Detected			64-W40-17
Grid	B+9.5	28+18	2.5	Mastic from wainscot	None Detected			64-W40-4C
Grid	C+0	28+4	2.5	Mastic from wainscot	None Detected			64-W40-4B
Grid	A+6	27+19	2.5	Mastic from wainscot	None Detected			64-W40-4A
Grid	C+8.5	29+0	0	Multicolor mastic from gray mopboard	None Defected			64-W40-7 II
Grid	C+7.5	28+8	o	Off-white carpet adhesive	None Detected			64-W40-10
Grid	0+0	27+18	0	Off-white mastic from brown mopboard, outer layer	None Detected			64-W40-8 II
Utility Room			7	Tan layer of Brown Ouct Insulation	None Detected			64W40-100B II
Grid	C+8	28+15	0	Terrazzo fooring	None Detected			64-W40-9
Grid	Q+5	28+8	9.5	White celling plaster	Nane Detected			64-W40-11

Building 64-W40

Room	Location North	Location East	Height	Description	Asbestos PLM	Point Count	Condition	Sample No
Grid	R+11	27+19.5	\$	White vinyl prefinished drywal!	None Detected			64-W40-16C
Floor 2	B+9.5	28+12	က	White viny prefinished drywall	None Detected			64-W40-16A
Floor 2	A+7.5	28 +6	4	White vinyl prefinished drywall	None Detected		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	64-W40-16B
Grid	8+12	28+12	0	Yellow mastic from 2x2 floor tile, off-white	None Detected	***************************************		64-W40-13 II

PRE-DEMOLITION BUILDING ASSESSMENT FOR ASBESTOS, LEAD-BASED PAINT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Century City Redevelopment Project 3533 North 27th Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Project Area B Building 58

Owner:

Redevelopment Authority of the City of Milwaukee 809 N. Broadway Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 Tel: (414) 286-5800

Prepared By:

Midwest Engineering Services, Inc. 821 Corporate Ct., Suite 102 Waukesha, WI 53189 Tel: (262) 521-2125

Michael W. Rehfeldt

Asbestos Inspector/Lead Risk Assessor

Shelley Hildebrandt, P.G.

Asbestos Inspector

Patrick J. Patterson, P.E., P.G.

Environmental Department Manager

MES Project No. 7-112013 August 15, 2011

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BUILDING 58 SUMMARY

<u>General</u>

The subject site is comprised of the Century City Redevelopment Project (CCRP) Areas – A, B and C. The address of the overall CCRP site for is 3533 N. 27th Street, in the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53216. Building 58 is generally located within the southern portion of CCRP Area "B". Also, the north side of Building 58 adjoins the south side of Building 51, the south side of Building 58 adjoins the north side of Building 52, and the west side of Building 58 adjoins the southeast side of Building 60. Photographs and a drawing for Building 58 (Figure 6) are included in the Appendix. Also, summary tables that indicate the locations and quantities of the detected ACM, lead-based paint and hazardous materials are included in the Appendix.

The Pre-Demolition Assessment (Assessment) activities at Building 58 were performed on June 15, 23 and 30, 2011. It is understood that Building 58 was previously utilized for manufacturing and a loading dock. At the time that the Assessment activities were performed, Building 58 was vacant and no manufacturing equipment or machinery was present. Also, substantial structural damage and/or deterioration was observed within Building 58, including the concrete floor slab and an apparent collapsed upper exterior wall and roof section within the southwest portion of the building. Most of the south, north and west sides of the structure are comprised of metal and brick columns and the only intact structural walls that were observed are within the east portion of the building. In general, the structural remnants of Building 51 were comprised of metal framing, beams and columns, and walls that are constructed primarily of brick, concrete and concrete masonry units (CMU). The western portion of the metal truss supported roof deck appeared to be comprised of a metal panel and grid system, and the east side appeared to be comprised of a clay tile and metal grid system. Also, metal-framed, window grid sections are present along most of the lower and upper portions of the perimeter northeast and east walls. The building occupies an area of approximately 39,680 square feet, and is about 640 feet long (east to west) by 62 feet wide (north to south). The ceiling (and roof) level elevation of the main area of the building is about 51 feet. The east side of the Building 58 was comprised of a loading dock and storage area, and included a single-story interior office structure that was constructed of CMU and concrete.

Personnel

Position	Name	Company	WI DHS Certification
Asbestos Inspectors	Michael Rehfeldt	MES	All-13268
•	Shelley Hildebrandt	MES	All-4373
Lead Risk Assessor	Michael Rehfeldt	MES	LRA-13268
Hazardous Materials Assessors	Patrick Patterson	MES	
•	Michael Rehfeldt	MES	

BUILDING OBSERVATIONS AND SUSPECT ACM

Structure

The observed structural components of Building 58 were comprised metal framing, beams and columns, with walls that are constructed primarily of brick, concrete and CMU, and a concrete floor slab. No observed structural materials were considered suspect ACM, and no samples of structural materials were collected.

Finishes

Interior Walls— The remaining interior walls of Building 58 located within the east portion of the structure were comprised of brick, concrete and CMU. No suspect ACM interior wall finish materials were observed or sampled.

Interior Ceilings – The ceiling of the main area of Building 58 was covered with cellulose fiber acoustic ceiling tile (ACT) system that was comprised of 2'x4' tiles. This ACT material was observed to be homogenous with the ceiling material within the western adjoining Building 60, and was sampled. The ceiling of the east side loading dock office was comprised of concrete span.

Exterior Walls – The remaining exterior east, northeast and southeast walls of Building 52 were comprised of brick. The remaining upper south wall section of Building 58 was comprised of beige, corrugated fibrous panel system that extended the length of the south wall. These exterior wall panel materials were sampled.

Floors — Most of the floor areas of Building 58 were comprised of a concrete slab. However, 9-inch square resilient floor tiles were observed within the east side office (Room 58A). These floor tiles were observed to be homogenous with floor tiles from other areas within the former Tower Automotive facility that were indicated by laboratory analysis to be ACM. As such, the 9-inch square floor tiles in Room 58A are assumed ACM. Additionally, a visual evaluation of surficial debris that was observed to be generally scattered over the remaining floor slab area of 58 indicated that typical ACM (such as friable pipe TSI and Category I roofing materials) was present over the concrete slab surface and intermixed with the surficial debris. As such, it is "assumed" that the surface areas of the remnant concrete slab and debris piles are cross-contaminated with ACM.

Roofing Materials

The remaining roof deck of Building 58 was covered with a black, fibrous, multi-layer sheet roofing material and black, resinous flashing material. The observed roofing materials appeared to be homogenous with the materials over the south adjoining roof section of

Building 52. As such, considering that a laboratory analysis result of the roof material sample from Building 52 is ACM, the observed homogenous roofing material over Building 58 is assumed ACM. Additionally, a gray, resinous caulk or grout compound was observed over the seams/joints of the east side parapets of Building 58. The observed parapet seam/joint compound appeared homogenous with the parapet seam/joint material at the adjoining Building 51. As such, considering that a laboratory analysis result of the parapet seam/joint compound sample from Building 51 is ACM, the observed homogenous parapet seam/joint compound material at Building 58 is assumed ACM.

Thermal System Insulation (TSI)

Thermal system insulation (TSI) was observed over horizontal and vertical piping systems (including elbow, joint and fitting components) that were observed extending below the ceiling and along the walls within the east side of the building. Some fiberglass TSI was also observed; however, fiberglass is not considered suspect ACM and was not sampled. Also, fiberglass insulation was marked in the field with a red "X". The observed pipe system TSI within Building 58 (that is not fiberglass) appeared to be homogenous with previously observed and sampled TSI from the adjoining and adjacent buildings within the former Tower Automotive facility which laboratory analysis results indicated to be ACM. As such, the observed pipe system TSI within Building 58 that is not fiberglass is "assumed" ACM TSI and no additional samples were collected.

TSI wrap was observed over an HVAC unit and associated duct system that was mounted on the roof of the single-story office (Room 58A), located in the east side loading dock and storage area. The inner layer of the TSI was comprised of fiberglass, and was not sampled. However, the white fabric outer TSI wrap layer was considered suspect TSI and was sampled. Also, inner and outer layers of duct seam tape TSI was observed and sampled.

Also, twenty-one (21) electrical fuse and switch boxes were observed within Building 58 that contained insulation panel material which appeared homogenous with the material observed in fuse and switch boxes located in the adjoining Building 51 that is typical of 'transite' ACM. Additionally, the laboratory analysis results of samples of this homogenous insulation panel material that were collected in Building 51 (and other buildings) within the former Tower Automotive facility indicated that the observed fuse and switch box insulation panel material of this nature is ACM. As such, no additional samples were collected, and the observed electric fuse and switch boxes within Building 58 are assumed to contain "transite" ACM asbestos insulation panels.

Miscellaneous Materials

The window caulk and glaze compound on the east side exterior windows of Building 58 was sampled. The three (3) round, exterior high intensity discharge (HID) light that is mounted on the east and northeast exterior walls of Building 58 contain a fibrous lamp gasket that was observed to be homogenous with sampled material from other similar HID lamps at the subject

site that laboratory results indicated to be ACM. As such, the lamp gasket within the round HID light are "assumed" as ACM, and no additional samples were collected.

SUMMARY OF ACM

A material is considered to be asbestos-containing by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), State of Wisconsin and City of Milwaukee if at least one bulk material sample collected from a homogeneous area is found to contain one (1) percent or greater (≥1%) asbestos fibers by volume, or if the material appears to be typical of similar (homogeneous) ACM and is assumed as such. A summary of the detected ACM, locations and estimated quantities are included in Table 1 (located in the Appendix), and a complete summary of the materials that were sampled and tested are included in Table 4 in the Appendix. Also, the locations of the collected samples are indicated on Figure 6 in the Appendix, and the laboratory analysis results report and chain-of custody are provided in the Appendix.

Based on the observations and the laboratory analysis results the following materials at Building 58 are ACM (or assumed as ACM):

- Main Roof Fibrous and Resinous Roofing Material (Assumed)
- East Roof Parapet Joint/Seam Compound (Assumed)
- Exterior Windows (East Side) Caulk and Glaze
- Pipe System Component TSI (non-fiberglass), various diameters, located throughout Building 58 (Assumed)
- Exterior Upper South Wall Panels (Transite)
- Electrical Fuse/Switch Box Insulation Panels (21), throughout Building 58 (Assumed)
- 9"x9" Resilient Floor Tiles, Room 58A (Assumed)
- Exterior, Wall Mounted, Round HID Lamp Gaskets (3 lamps)
- Floor Slab Debris (Assumed): observed surficial debris of typical friable TSI and non-friable Category I roofing material scattered over the area of the remnant floor slab.

LEAD-BASED PAINT TESTING

Building Component Observations

No exterior painted concrete or masonry building components were observed at Building 58. However, painted interior brick and CMU walls, and concrete floors were observed. As such, these painted concrete and masonry components were tested utilizing an XRF analyzer.

Summary of X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Test Results

As indicated in the XRF lead paint test results provided in the Appendix (titled "Lead-Paint Inspection Report"), no lead was detected on the painted concrete and masonry components of Building 58. In the State of Wisconsin, a paint film layer that contains a concentration of 0.7 mg/cm² (or greater) by XRF analysis is considered "lead-based paint".

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL ASSESSMENT

Activities and Observations

The hazardous material assessment activities at Building 58 (and the immediate surrounding vicinity) generally consisted of observation, evaluation, cataloging and quantifying any observed hazardous materials or components and items within the buildings and associated exterior areas that may contain hazardous material, or materials that require special handling and/or disposal. These materials my include (but are not limited to): polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs), mercury-containing components, petroleum based products, oils, chemicals, radiation sources (such as tritium exit signs); and including other such items such as containers, drums, tanks, batteries, tires, and dry chemical fire extinguishers or halon systems.

More specifically, observations performed for building components or equipment and items that could contain PCBs typically included electrical system transformers and ballasts for fluorescent light systems or hydraulic oils; typical potential CFC and/or HCFC containing components included air conditioning or refrigeration units and drinking water fountain units; and typical potential mercury containing components or items include fluorescent bulbs, mercury vapor and high intensity discharge (HID) lamps or bulbs, switches, thermostats, and other temperature control or monitoring devices.

No handling, sampling or testing of any observed hazardous material or suspect hazardous materials and items was performed, and was not included within the scope of work. Also, any observed unlabeled and labeled containers or tanks were only cataloged and quantified based on visual evaluation, and were not opened or otherwise accessed to observe the nature, and/or condition of the contents. Additionally, no access or entry to permit required confined spaces was allowed or performed during this Assessment to perform observations.

Summary of Hazardous Materials Assessment

Mercury-containing items: A total of sixty-four (64) interior ceiling mounted, mercury-containing HID light systems were observed within Building 58, and three (3) exterior wall mounted HID lamps were observed at Building 58. Additionally, based on observations of the fluorescent lighting systems that are present within Building 58, it appears that 100% of the 26 fluorescent light bulbs have silver metal end tabs. Fluorescent bulbs of this nature typically contain mercury at levels which exceed the U.S. EPA standard for mercury in waste.

PCB-containing items: Based on observation of the labels of interior fluorescent lighting system ballasts, two (2) ballasts were indicated to be PCB-containing within Room 58A of Building 58. Additionally, the 64 interior and 3 exterior HID light system ballasts were indicated to be PCB containing. Further, a total of three (3) PCB containing electrical transformers were observed within Building 58.

CFC/HCFC containing items: One (1) roof mounted (Room 58A) air-conditioning unit, and one (1) water cooler unit were observed in Building 58. Observations indicated that the refrigerant with these units are CFC or HCFC containing.

At the time that the Assessment Activities were performed at Building 58, no obvious evidence of other building components, equipment or other items was observed within Building 58 (or the immediate surrounding vicinity), that is typically considered hazardous, potentially hazardous, or may require special handling and/or disposal.

BUILDING 58 ASSESSMENT RESULTS

Asbestos Containing Material

A summary of the ACM and estimated quantities are included in Table 1 (located in the Appendix), and a complete summary of the materials that were sampled and tested are included in Table 4 in the Appendix. Also, the locations of the collected samples are indicated on Figure 6 in the Appendix, and the laboratory analysis results report and chain-of custody are provided in the Appendix.

Based on the observations and the laboratory analysis results the following materials at Building 58 are ACM (or assumed as ACM):

- Main Roof Fibrous and Resinous Roofing Material (Assumed)
- East Roof Parapet Joint/Seam Compound (Assumed)
- Exterior Windows (East Side) Caulk and Glaze

- <u>Pipe System Component TSI (non-fiberglass)</u>, various diameters, located throughout Building 58 (Assumed)
- Exterior Upper South Wall Panels (Transite)
- Electrical Fuse/Switch Box Insulation Panels (21), throughout Building 58 (Assumed)
- 9"x9" Resilient Floor Tiles, Room 58A (Assumed)
- Exterior, Wall Mounted, Round HID Lamp Gaskets (3 lamps)
- Floor Slab Debris (Assumed): observed surficial debris of typical friable TSI and non-friable Category I roofing material scattered over the area of the remnant floor slab.

Federal, State and City of Milwaukee regulations require that ACM be properly handled and disposed prior to, or during demolition activities. Asbestos-containing materials are classified into three categories. Non-friable ACM, such as resilient floor coverings, mastics and asphalt roofing products are classified as Category I material. Category II materials are those, other than Category I materials, that when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Materials, which can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure comprise the third category, known as Friable ACM.

The pipe system TSI ACM that is present over the pipe runs, elbows, joints and fittings throughout Building 58 is Friable ACM. As such, these materials are required to be removed prior to demolition by a State of Wisconsin DHS certified asbestos abatement contractor utilizing personnel that are certified as an "Asbestos Worker" by DHS.

With regard to the Category II ACM switch and fuse box insulation panels and the transite upper south wall panels, it is recommended that these materials be removed intact prior to demolition and handled in a manner to prevent potential damage that could render the materials friable. As such, it is recommended that the removal and disposal of the Category II ACM be performed by a State of Wisconsin DHS certified asbestos abatement contractor utilizing personnel that are certified as an "Asbestos Worker" by DHS.

The Category I ACM 9-inch square floor tiles and window caulk and glaze generally appeared to be in fair to good condition. However, considering the nature of typical demolition activities, the floor and window materials are likely to become friable during such activities. As such, it is recommended that these Category I materials be removed prior to the start of demolition activities by a State of Wisconsin DHS certified asbestos abatement contractor utilizing personnel that are certified as an "Asbestos Worker" by DHS.

The Category I ACM roofing material, resinous joint/seam materials present over the east side roof parapets of Building 58, and the 3 lamp gaskets of the exterior HID lamps were generally

in good condition. As such, these materials are not required to be removed prior to demolition, and may be removed at the time of the demolition activities, provided that the materials will not become friable during demolition activities. However, at the time of demolition the Category I ACM must be separated from other building demolition debris, and disposed of separately as ACM at an appropriate construction and demolition (C&D) landfill facility. Additionally, it is recommended that the demolition contractor utilize a water spray or mist when performing the demolition and subsequent removal of the Category I materials to minimize the potential for airborne emissions in general accordance with WDNR guidelines. Also, the exterior Category I materials must be removed and separated by properly trained and State certified "Exterior Asbestos Worker" personnel. Further, the materials must be removed in a manner that does not render the friable during the process. As such, ACM materials must not be subjected to dry cutting, sawing, or abrading methods.

It must be recognized that if during demolition the asbestos containing materials (regardless of category or condition) become intermixed with other building materials or demolition debris that does not contain asbestos, then all of the intermixed building materials are considered to be asbestos containing. Further, if it is planned for any of the building materials to be recycled (a typical practice for demolition contractors), then all ACM must be removed from the non-ACM material (or substrate) that is to be recycled prior to demolition, and properly disposed.

Lead-Based Paint

As indicated in the XRF test results for lead that are provided in the Appendix (titled "Lead-Paint Inspection Report"), no lead was detected on the painted concrete and CMU components that were tested at Building 58. In the State of Wisconsin, a paint film layer that contains a concentration of 0.7 mg/cm² (or greater) by XRF analysis is considered "lead-based paint".

Hazardous Materials

The following items were observed within Building 58 (and the immediate surrounding vicinity) that are typically considered as hazardous materials, regulated materials or materials that may require special handling and/or disposal.

Mercury-containing items: A total of sixty-four (64) interior ceiling mounted, mercury-containing HID light systems were observed within Building 58, and three (3) exterior wall mounted HID lamps were observed at Building 58. Additionally, based on observations of the fluorescent lighting systems that are present within Building 58, it appears that 100% of the 26 fluorescent light bulbs have silver metal end tabs. Fluorescent bulbs of this nature typically contain mercury at levels which exceed the U.S. EPA standard for mercury in waste.

- PCB-containing items: Based on observation of the labels of interior fluorescent lighting system ballasts, two (2) ballasts were indicated to be PCB-containing within Room 58A of Building 58. Additionally, the 64 interior and 3 exterior HID light system ballasts were indicated to be PCB containing. Further, a total of three (3) PCB containing electrical transformers were observed within Building 58.
- <u>CFC/HCFC containing items</u>: One (1) roof mounted (Room 58A) air-conditioning unit, and one (1) water cooler unit were observed in Building 58. Observations indicated that the refrigerant with these units are CFC or HCFC containing.

At the time that the Assessment Activities were performed at Building 581, no obvious evidence of other building components, equipment or other items was observed within Building 58 (or the immediate surrounding vicinity), that is typically considered hazardous, potentially hazardous, or may require special handling and/or disposal.

GENERAL COMMENTS

This Assessment has been conducted in a manner consistent with that level of care ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing in the same locality under similar conditions. The findings, recommendations and opinions contained herein have been promulgated in accordance with generally accepted practice in similar fields. No other representations, expressed or implied, and no warranty or guarantee is included or intended in this report.

APPENDIX

- Photographs (1)
- Figure 6 Area B Bldg. 40 (Asbestos Sample Locations)
- Table 1 Summary of Asbestos Containing Materials (1)
- Table 2 Summary of Lead Based Paint (1)
- Table 3 Summary of Hazardous Materials (1)
- Table 4- Summary of Asbestos Sample Analysis Results (1)
- Bulk Asbestos Laboratory Analytical Report and Chain of Custody (7)
- XRF Lead Paint Inspection Report (4)
- Personnel and Company Certifications (7)



1. Photograph of Building 58 as seen from the East entrance.



. View of Building 58 Main roof .

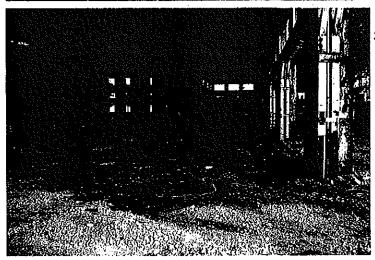


 Photo of the interior of Building 58 from the West side of Building 58. Along with floor slab debris shown at the bottom left hand side of the photo.



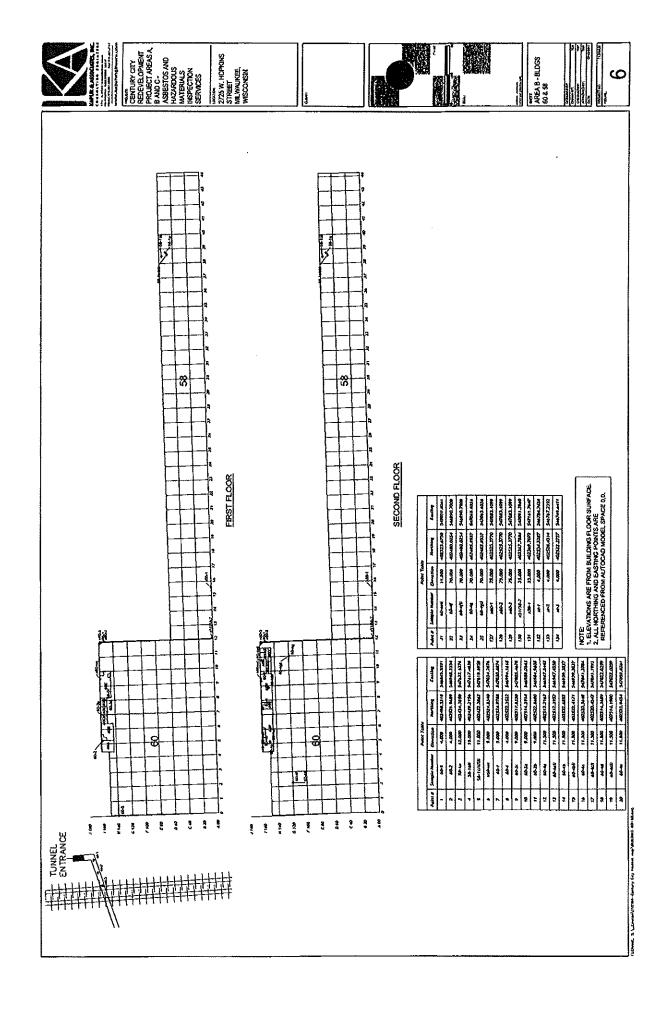
SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Century City Redevelopment Project (CCRP)
Area B
Building 58

Project Number:

7-112013

Initials: MWR



Century City Redevelopment Project Areas A, B, and C MES Project No. 7-112013

Table 1 Summary of ACM Building 58

<u>Material</u>	Building Total Quantity	Locations (Rooms)
Transite Wall Panels	4,700 SF	Exterior, south wall, upper (below roof line)
Transite Electric Fuse and Switch box insulation panels	21	Interior walls and columns
Roof & parapets (assumed)	39,680 SF	Main roof
Windows	1,963 SF	Throughout
Floor Slab Debris (Assumed ACM contaminated)	31,200 <u></u> SF	Ground floor slab areas
Exterior HID (round) Lamp Gaskets	6 LF (3 lamps)	East side, 1 Northeast side, 2
Windows (caulk)	1,963 SF	All
Assumed Floor Tite	500 SF	
9"x9" and mastic		Room 58A
TSI Pipe wrap	300 LF	A1.5 to D1.5 A9.5 to D9.5
		A24 to D24

Century City Redevelopment Project Areas A, B, and C MES Project No. 7-112013

Table 2 Summary of Lead Based Paint (LBP) Building 58

Component/Material/Color

Area/Quantity of LBP

Locations (Areas & Rooms)

No Lead-Based Paint Detected

Table 3 Hazardous Materials

Room # /	CFCs and HCFCs	HCFCs	Mercury	Iry / Soc	/ Sodium	<u>ı. </u>	PCBs	ire:	Rafferies	, Line	Radiation	Containore	Radiation Containers Miscellances
-ocation	Air	Water	Flourescent		Thermostats	Dollog	HID Thermostats Pollocts Transforment	X	2	}	Sources	Simulation	
	Conditioners Fountains	Fountains	Bulbs	Bulbs	Bulbs / Switches	Daliasis	Hanslomers						
28		1		4		64	1						
58A	1		26			2	2						
Exterior				3		3							

TABLE 4
Asbestos Bulk Samples

Building 58

Room	Location North	Location East	Height	Description	Asbestos PLM	Point Count	Condition	Sample No
Exterior	Windows	Imer Layer	30	Off-white/gray resinous window caulk	2% Chrysottle	1.9	Good	II <i>L-/</i> 85X
Exterior	S. Wall, west end	Upper portion	×	Tan (Gray) transite	20% Chrysotlle		Good	X58-1
Exterior	Windows	Outer Layer	æ	Off-white/gray resinous window caulk	3% Chrysottle	1.7	Good	X51/58-7
¥	Roof HVAC		51	TSI, inner tape	None Detected			58-C III
¥	Roof HVAC		51	TSI, siliver tape	None Detected			58-C II
¥	Roof HVAC		51	TSI, silver tape	None Detected		•	S8-8 II
¥	Roof HVAC		51	TSI, white fabric duct wrap (outer)	None Detected			58-1C
4	Roof HVAC		51	TSI, white fabric duct wrap (outer)	None Detected			58-18
¥	Roof HVAC		51	TSI, white fabric duct wrap (outer)	None Detected			58-1A

7-



ADDENDUM 1
APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS OF DAMAGED ROOFING REQUIRING ASBESTOS ABATEMENT
CENTURY CITY - AREAS A, B, AND C
SEPTEMBER 9, 2011

Asbestos, Lead Based Paint, and Hazardous Materials Assessment **Building Information Summary** Areas A, B, and C Table 1

3533 North 27th Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin Century City Property

Parcel Location ID	Bidg. No.	App Bldg. Dlm	Approximate Bldg. Foot Print Dimensions	Approximate Bidg. Foot Print Area - Calculated (sq.	Approximate Bldg, Area Listed (1,) (sq. ft.)	No. of Floors	Approximate Bldg. Height	Approximate Date Constructed	Historic Building Use
4	82 - including piping & pipe struts to Bldg 70	33	33' × 42'	1,386	1,386	¥.	Foundation Area	Unknown	Foundation only - former Incinerator Building
60	40	3	43' x 122'	5,246	15,624	3	35' to 40'	1946	3-Story Office Building
m	51	180	180' x 520'	93,600	94,586	-	51' to 67"	1926	Manufacturing
æ	58	23	62' × 640'	39,680	39,680	-	51' to 67'	1959	Manufacturing
œ	90	156	156' x 240'	37,440	37,173	•	31' to 76'	1959	Coil Pickling
an	64	100	100' x 580'	58,000	51,700	_	42' to 59'	1929	Storage
m	69	18,	18' × 26'	470	476	***	10' to 12'	1940	Chem. Storage
m	7.0	280	260' x 560'	145,600	145,600	-	43.	1942	Manufacturing
æ	70A	82,	62' x 60'	3,720	3,720	-	12' to 15'	1942	Office
80	708	111' × 47	× 47	5,220	5,625	2	,04	Unknown	2nd Floor Electrical Substation
æ	70E	24.	21' × 109	2,290	2,950	-	20,	1966	Storage
æ	70F	25	52' x 50'	2,600	2,600	-	21,	1968	Storage
~	85	50	50' x 60'	3,000	000°E	,	20,	1971	Steam Cleaning Building
80	Tunnel Entrance Blog - including piping & pipe bridge to Bldg 60	7	7 × 15	105	W/A	+	3' to 10'	Unknown	Unknown
ပ	37 - NOT including piping & pipe bridge to Bidg 33	220'	220' × 740'	162,800	152,960	-	30° to 50°	1920-58	Manufacturing - structure partially demolished
ပ	NZE	ß	65 × 560	36,400	ı		30' to 50'	Unknown	Manufacturing - structure partially demolished
ပ	46	20,	20' × 20'	400	400	-	\$	1920	Heating
ပ	52	156' 1"	36' 1" × 560"	87,406	87,360	-	38' 6" to 50'	1926	Manufacturing - structure partially demolished
ပ	53	50	50' × 18' 4"	915	924	,	.81	1929-29	Electrical Substation - brick biding
ပ	53A (next to/east of 53)	24	24 × 28	672	refere	,	15	Unknown	Electrical Substation - metal biding
ပ	62	81.6	81' 6" × 137" 6"	11,206	12,405	-	17.71	1928	Manufacturing

REFERENCES:

NOTES

698,157 658,166 1. November 1, 1972 List from A. O. Smith Corporation

All dimensions, helights, and square areas are approximate. Contractor is responsible for confirming dimensions, heights, and square areas. Building heights are assumed to be similar for interior and exterior surfaces, except in office spaces.
"Unknown" indicates no data available.
Foot print area inclusive of offices, mobile (trailer) offices, restrooms, locker rooms, mezzanine levels, etc.
For Tunnel Entrance Building - foot print area does not Include underground tunnel.

OFFICIAL BID NO. 155, ADDENDUM A - REVISED BID RESPONSE FORM ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT SERVICES CENTURY CITY SITE - PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND C

BIDS DUE BY 10:30A.M. ON SEPTEMBER 15, 2011

CONTRACTOR NAME:		

COST OF SERVICES

ALL BIDS MUST BE SUBMITTED USING THIS BID RESPONSE FORM IN NUMERIC AND WRITTEN FORM, AND TYPED OR PRINTED. Item Item Description Unit Sub-Total Price Quantity MOBILIZATION **LUMP SUM** TOTAL PRICE TO MOBILIZE ALL EQUIPMENT AND LABOR NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT DESCRIBED IN THE REQUEST FOR BID.
NOT TO EXCEED 5% OF THE TOTAL PROJECT COST. UNIT COST (WRITTEN): Write --> ASBESTOS ABATEMENT SERVICES ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TRANSITE PANELS **SQUARE FEET** 16,529 \$_ Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TRANSITE TRANSFORMER PANELS SQUARE FEET 108 \$ Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - BLACK WALL MASTIC SQUARE FEET 3,595 Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): **ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - CERAMIC TILE MASTIC SQUARE FEET** 110 \$ Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): **ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - BLACK FLOOR MASTIC SQUARE FEET** UNIT COST (WRITTEN): Write --> **ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - INTERIOR WALL CAULK** LINEAR FEET 890 Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): **ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - WALL SEAM GROUT** LINEAR FEET 120 Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - DOOR WINDOW GLAZING/CAULK LINEAR FEET Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): **ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - DOOR CAULK** LINEAR FEET UNIT COST (WRITTEN): Write --> ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - RESINOUS COATING ON CONCRETE BEAMS AND SPANS **SQUARE FEET** 3,100 Write --> UNIT COST (WRITTEN): ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TRANSITE ELECTRICAL BOXES 623 \$_____ \$____ **EACH** UNIT COST (WRITTEN): Write -->

OFFICIAL BID NO. 155, ADDENDUM A - REVISED BID RESPONSE FORM ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT SERVICES

CENTURY CITY SITE - PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND C

BIDS DUE BY 10:30A.M. ON SEPTEMBER 15, 2011

CONTRACTOR NAME:

	CONTRACTOR NAME:			
	13 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - HID ROUND LAMP GASKETS	LINEAR FEET	76	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	14 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC (9" x 9")	SQUARE FEET	12,616	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	15 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC (12" x 12")	SQUARE FEET	4,226	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	18 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - BLACK RESINOUS SEAM COMPOUND	LINEAR FEET	105	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):		• •	
	19 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TSI: WATER TANK WRAP	SQUARE FEET	59	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	20 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TSI: PIPE WRAP	LINEAR FEET	20,082	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	21 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TSI	LINEAR FEET	2,432	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	22 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TSI: TANK GASKET	LINEAR FEET	3	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	23 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TSI: DUCT WRAP	SQUARE FEET	2,064	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	24 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - HEAT DUCT TAPE	LINEAR FEET	40	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	25 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - WHITE SPRAY ON (CEILING)	SQUARE FEET	57,120	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			
	26 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - WINDOWS (CAULK AND GLAZE)	SQUARE FEET	14,656	\$ \$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			

OFFICIAL BID NO. 155, ADDENDUM A - REVISED BID RESPONSE FORM ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT SERVICES

CENTURY CITY SITE - PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND C

BIDS DUE BY 10:30A.M. ON SEPTEMBER 15, 2011

CONTRACTOR NAME:

	27 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - WINDOWS (CAULK)	SQUARE FEET	17,706	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):	·	·		
	28 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - WINDOWS (GLAZE)				
		SQUARE FEET	4,800	\$	\$
Write>					
	29 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - FIRE DOOR	EACH	7	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
	30 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - INITIAL INTERIOR FLOOR SLAB DEBRIS REMOVAL	SQUARE FOOT	293,604	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
	31 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - INITIAL EXTERIOR SLAB GRAVEL DEBRIS REMOVAL (REMOVE 6" OF GRAVEL).	SQUARE FEET	20 ,000	\$	ś
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):	·	·		
	32 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - ROOF DAMAGED AREA(S)				
		SQUARE FEET	3,500	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
	33 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - ELECTRICAL WIRE INSULATION	LINEAR FEET	1,100	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
	34 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT - TRANSITE ELECTRICAL PANELS	SQUARE FEET	56	ć	\$
Water .	LINET COCT (NOTTEN)	SQUARETEET	50	V	Y
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN): HAZARDOUS MATERIAL	S ABATEMENT			
	35 CFCs AND HCFCs - AIR CONDITIONERS	EACH	36	\$	ć
		LACII	30	Y	Y
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN): 36 CFCs AND HCFCs - WATER FOUNTAINS				
		EACH	24	\$	\$
Write>					
	37 CFCs AND HCFCs - REFRIGERATORS	EACH	3	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
WIRE >	38 MERCURY/SODIUM - FLOURESCENT BULBS				
		EACH	3,535	\$	>
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN): 39 MERCURY/SODIUM - HID BULBS				
	MERCORY, SOCIONI - THE BULBS	EACH	911	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):			1 1 1 2 2 1 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	

OFFICIAL BID NO. 155, ADDENDUM A - REVISED BID RESPONSE FORM ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT SERVICES

CENTURY CITY SITE - PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND $\ensuremath{\text{\textbf{C}}}$

BIDS DUE BY 10:30A.M. ON SEPTEMBER 15, 2011

		BIDS DUE BY 10	0:30A.M. ON SEPTEMBER 1	15, 2011		
		CONTRACTOR NAME:				
	40 MERCURY/SODI	UM - THERMOSTATS/SWITCHES				
			EACH	27	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN				·····	
	41 PCBs - BALLASTS		EACH	051	\$	ė
			ЕАСП	331	9	ş
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN)):				
	42 PCBs - TRANSFO	RMERS				
			PER TON	9,200	\$	\$
		_				
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN					
	43 FIRE EXTINGUISH	IERS				
			EACH	19	\$	\$
Write>	LIMIT COST (MOITTEN	۸.				
Witte>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN 44 BATTERIES	/·				
	44 DATTERIES		EACH		\$	Ś
			LACII	7	y	7
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
	45 TIRES	<u> </u>				
			PER POUND	750	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN	}:				
	46 RADIATION SOU	RCES				
			EACH	4	\$	\$
114.26.	I III COCT AUDIMONI	,				
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN	Ji .			•	
	47 CONTAINERS CHARACTERIZATION	IN AND DISPOSAL				

	47A CONTAINERS - U LIQUIDS - 5 GALLO		PER POUND	120	\$	٠
	EQUIDS SCIEN	MS OK LLOS	PER POOND	129	Ş	۶
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
	47B CONTAINERS - U					
	AEROSOL CANS		PER POUND	45	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN	\ :				
	47C CONTAINERS - U					
		- NON PCB OILS OR PETROLEUM	PER POUND	2	\$	Ś
					-	*
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
	47D CONTAINERS - U	NIT COST				
	55-GALLON DRUM	- PCB CONTAINING OILS OR PETROLEUM	PER POUND	2	\$	\$
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN					
	47E CONTAINERS - UI					
	55-GALLON DRUM	- HAZARDOUS WASTE	PER POUND	2	\$	Ş
Write>	LIBRET COST (MIDITERY)	١.				
AALIFE>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN					
	47F CONTAINERS - UI 55-GALLON DRUM		PER POUND	7	\$	خ
	of Green profit	~	FLAFOUND	•	٧	Y
Write>	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):				
-						

OFFICIAL BID NO. 155, ADDENDUM A - REVISED BID RESPONSE FORM ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT SERVICES CENTURY CITY SITE - PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND C

BIDS DUE BY 10:30A.M. ON SEPTEMBER 15, 2011

CONTRACTOR NAME:

	47G	CONTAINERS - UNIT COST PRESSURIZED TANKS	FACU				
		TRESSURGED TANKS	EACH	6	>¢		\$
Write>	UNI	IT COST (WRITTEN):					
	48	MISCELLANEOUS - OIL RESERVOIR ASSOCIATED WITH GATE					
			EACH	1	Ş	•	\$
Write>	UNI	IT COST (WRITTEN):					
	49	MISCELLANEOUS - OIL RESERVOIR ASSOCIATED WITH GATE					
			EACH	1	\$		\$
Write>	UNI	IT COST (WRITTEN):					
	50	MISCELLANEOUS - LARGE PISTONS (BUILDING 60)					
			EACH	2	\$		\$
Write>	UNI	IT COST (WRITTEN):					
	51	MISCELLANEOUS - ELEVATOR OIL RESERVOIR (BUILDING 60)					
			EACH	1	\$		\$
Write>	UNI	IT COST (WRITTEN):					
	52	MISCELLANEOUS - TELEVISION SET					
			EACH	1	\$		\$
Write>	ואנו	T COST (WRITTEN):					
	53	MISCELLANEOUS - MERCURY VIAL					
			EACH	1	\$		\$
Write>	11811	T COST (WRITTEN):					
	B OTAI						
***************************************		OTHER SERVICES					
	54	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING					
		OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT	LUMP SUM	1	\$		\$
		OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING	LUMP SUM	1	\$		\$
Write>	54	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT	LUMP SUM	1	\$		\$
	54	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN):	LUMP SUM	1	\$		\$
	54 UNI	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION	LUMP SUM	1	\$		\$
	54 UNI	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING	LUMP SUM				\$
	54 UNI	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE					\$
	54 UNI	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR,					\$\$
	54 UNI 55	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING.					\$\$
Write>	54 UNI 55	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS:					\$\$
Write>	54 UNI 55	OTHER SERVICES FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN):					\$\$
Write>	54 UNI 55	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS: TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR,		3	\$		\$\$
Write>	54 UNI 55	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS: TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETINGS.	PER HOUR	3	\$		7
Write>	UNI 55 UNI	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS: TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETINGS. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 1 HOUR	PER HOUR	3	\$		7
Write>	54 UNI 55 UNI	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS: TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETINGS. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 1 HOUR T COST (WRITTEN):	PER HOUR	3	\$		7
Write>	UNI 55 UNI 58	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS: TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETINGS. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 1 HOUR T COST (WRITTEN):	PER HOUR	3	\$		7
Write>	UNI 55 UNI 58	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS; TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETINGS. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 1 HOUR T COST (WRITTEN): PUMP AND FILTER WATER TOTAL PRICE TO PUMP, FILTER, AND DISPOSE OF WATER THAT IS IN	PER HOUR	12	\$		7
Write>	UNI 55 UNI 56	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS: TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETINGS. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 1 HOUR T COST (WRITTEN): PUMP AND FILTER WATER TOTAL PRICE TO PUMP, FILTER, AND DISPOSE OF WATER THAT IS IN THE TUNNEL AND VARIOUS PITS THROUGHOUT THE WORK AREA. THIS IS A ONE TIME CHARGE AND INCLUDES ALL PUMPING/FILTERING	PER HOUR	12	\$		\$
Write> Write>	UNI 55 UNI 56	FINAL CLEANING FINAL CLEANING OF PROJECT WORK AREA AFTER ASBESTOS ABATEMENT AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REMOVAL SERVICES ARE COMPLETE T COST (WRITTEN): PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRE-CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MEETING IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 3 HOURS T COST (WRITTEN): PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS: TOTAL PRICE TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN WEEKLY PROJECT STATUS MEETINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND AS DESCRIBED IN, THIS INVITATION TO BID – INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL LABOR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETINGS. APPROXIMATE MEETING LENGTH - 1 HOUR T COST (WRITTEN): PUMP AND FILTER WATER TOTAL PRICE TO PUMP, FILTER, AND DISPOSE OF WATER THAT IS IN THE TUNNEL AND VARIOUS PITS THROUGHOUT THE WORK AREA. THIS	PER HOUR	12	\$		\$

OFFICIAL BID NO. 155, ADDENDUM A - REVISED BID RESPONSE FORM ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT SERVICES

CENTURY CITY SITE - PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND C

BIDS DUE BY 10:30A.M. ON SEPTEMBER 15, 2011

		CONTRACTOR NAME:	
	59	9 SEDIMENT/DEBRIS REMOVAL	
		PRICE TO TEST SEDIMENT IN TUNNELS AND PITS FOR ASBESTOS FIBERS AFTER THE WATER IS REMOVED FROM THE STRUCTURES, AND TO ABATE PER TON 250 \$ THE SEDIMENT IF ANALYTICAL DATA CONFIRMS THE PRESENCE OF FIBERS ABOVE REGULATORY LEVELS.	\$
Write>	UΝ	UNIT COST (WRITTEN):	
Write>	Invi	All quantitles are estimated - actual quantities may be more or less than estimate. Invoicing shall only be for actual verifiable quantities. BID TOTAL COST (WRITTEN):	TAL COST \$
	L		

ALTERNATE NO. 1 - ON-CALL ASBESTOS ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES

	1A	MOBILIZATION			
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		EACH	1	\$ <u> </u>
		COST PER MOBILIZATION - ASSUME TWO WORKERS AND EQUIPMENT			
Write>	UN	IT COST (WRITTEN):			
	18	ASBESTOS WORKER		_	
		ONE LICENSED ASBESTOS WORKER	PER HOUR	1	\$ <u> </u>
Write>	UN	IT COST (WRITTEN):			
	1C	ASBESTOS SUPERVISOR			
		ONE LICENSED ASBESTOS SUPERVISOR	PER HOUR	1	\$ \$
Write>	UN	IT COST (WRITTEN):			
	1D	EXTERIOR WORKER			
		ONE WORKER OUTSIDE THE CONTAINMENT ZONE	PER HOUR	1	\$ <u> </u>
Write>	UN	IT COST (WRITTEN):			
	1E	DISPOSAL			
		TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL OF ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL	PER TON	1	\$ \$
Write>	UN	IT COST (WRITTEN):			

Questions and Answers

- Q. Will there be any additional time to visit the site to review any items after the addendum has been issued?
- A. Yes Monday, September 12, 2011. 9:00am to 3:00pm. Enter at Gate 2 2725 W. Hopkins St. Prior to entering the site, anyone showing up for the site visit will need to have steel tipped boots, hard hat, safety glasses and a reflective vest.
- Q. The bid form is structured as a unit price proposal based upon the initial site visit there are varying conditions that severely affect the unit price of one item verses the unit price of the same item in other areas (for example removal of TSI Pipe Wrap the cost to remove one lineal feet of pipe insulation is going to vary considerably if the pipe is 60′ in the air instead of 6′ above finished floor Removal of Tranisite Panels the cost to remove transite will vary considerably if the transite is on the exterior of a building 40′ in the air verses transite on a wall of an office, etc.). is the unit price contract the best option to price this job? If unit prices are used is it possible that the add/deduct consider the above factors and be able to be negotiated for all parties benefit?
- A. Bid the project as provided for in the specifications and on the Bid Form.
- Q. The requirements for EBE and RPP will require a commitment from local contractors and employees to comply with the bid specifications. What sort of provisions do these contractors have to comply with asbestos certifications and will all employees provided to meet the RPP be already asbestos certified and have physicals to clear them for respirator usage? In other words does the prime contractor bidding the project have to make provisions or pay for costs associated with licensing, training, or physicals of these employees? The city lists 3 organizations for sourcing residents that meet the above qualifications (Esperanza Unida, Milwaukee Urban League, Big Step) are these the only agencies that can provide employees?
- A. It is the abatement contractor's responsibility to verify that companies are EBE certified and that employees are RPP certified before work starts. The agencies should be able to provide employees with the prerequisite training and certifications. These are the agencies that Prism Technical Services and the City typically work with to identify and certify RPP workers. There may be other agencies that can provide employees that meet the RPP eligibility.

- Q. What sort of financial assistance is available for the prime contractor to assist EBE certified firms in meeting the bid/contract requirements?
- A. Financial assistance for EBE certified contractors is administered by the City's Department of Administration Emerging Business Enterprises Program. More information can be found at http://city.milwaukee.gov/ebe
- Q. Is there a website or electronic copy of the Emerging Business Enterprise Program's listing of currently City certified EBE firms? If not could this be provided in the addendum?
- A. A link to the list of EBE firms is available at the City's EBE web site home page, under the "EBE Business Directory": http://city.milwaukee.gov/ebe
- Q. What sort of rules and regulations will the prime contractor be responsible to comply with the railroad company? Who is the Railroad company?
- A. The contractor is responsible for complying with all local, state, and federal regulations while working within or adjacent to the railroad, The contractor shall call Wisconsin and Southern Railroad (WSOR) to arrange for railroad contractor worker protection and to identify training requirements prior to working adjacent to, or within, the railroad right of way. The WSOR contact person is Ben Meighan at 414-750-6412.
- Q. Since the city is awarding the project does the prime contractor need to pay for Hydrant usage or any other permits required by the city or would the city waive any and all fees?
- A. All pertinent City permits must be obtained by the abatement contractor. Contractors should assume they need to cover all fees necessary for permits with the understanding that some City permit fees might be waived. Contractor will apply a discount if fees are waived.
- Q. Continuous or Evening work work is tentatively scheduled for days, however if night work is requested by the commissioner the costs for such work is to be borne by the contractor or included in the unit costs. Is there any night work anticipated or expected? Extra costs for lighting, shift differential, etc. would be a contributing factor in determining unit cost rates.
- A. Work is anticipated to take place during normal business hours. However, it is the contractors responsibility to establish their working hours.

- Q. This project is scheduled to be completed within 120 days from contract notice to proceed.

 Based upon the estimated time from this notice to proceed a good portion of the work may be performed during winter conditions. Will the contract be extended due to adverse weather conditions (i.e snow that covers up debris piles or areas that need to cleaned, or if areas need to be plowed to put down drop cloths for window removal)? Will there be any provisions for dealing with these conditions for reimbursement to the prime contractor?
- A. Refer to Section 2.4.17 Progress of the Work in General Conditions provided with the bid documents. The City will allow an additional 30 days to complete the project log book and administrative related work. This does not apply to EBE, RPP, and Prevailing Wage reporting that is required to be completed on a monthly basis.
- Q. There is a considerable amount of desks, chairs, file cabinets, storage cabinets, debris, etc. throughout numerous work are that will need to be moved out of the abatement areas. Will the owner be responsible for removal of any items? If not, does the prime contractor need to dispose of any of these items that need to be removed?
- A. The abatement contractor is responsible for managing the access to the abatement work space. Any items containing or contaminated by asbestos shall be cleaned prior to removal from an abatement work space or disposed of as RACM in accordance with local, state, or federal rules. All items removed from an abatement work space, and not disposed of as RACM, shall stay on-site.
- Q. In the specification it indicates (spec 2.5.11) that the contractor can be charged for inspections after the completion date. Isn't this what the Liquidated Damages of \$150/per diem is for?
- A. No.
- Q. Could you provide a defined description of work for the project site and/or for each building?

 The specifications indicate removal of asbestos and hazardous materials however during the walk thru it was determined that roofing materials were to remain in place and be demolished with the buildings. Also during an inquiry of the roofing it was mentioned that the abatement contractor may be responsible for removal of roofing that has become damaged. Could you clarify what this contract requires? Currently the specification indicates roofing of building 37

- and the west end of building 52 needing removal but does not give an estimated amount of what is required.
- A. Damaged roof material that is not securely attached to the roof structure shall be abated. See the attached figure showing approximate areas with damaged roofing. The bid form (item 32) provides an estimated quantity.
- Q. Lead Paint it was mentioned during the walk thru that lead paint will be left and will be responsibility of the demolition contractor. Could you please clarify this scope of work?
- A. Lead based paint abatement is not part of this scope of work.
- Q. Sequencing of work per the specifications Buildings 82 and 70 need to be completed within 45 days after the notice to proceed. Would Liquidated Damages apply to this completion date or is this just a target date?
- A. The timeline is firm; however, liquidated damages will not be applied to the 45 day requirement.
- Q. The Completion date, as noted in the specifications, indicates that final acceptance will be contingent of a final walk thru and acceptance of the final project log book. The final project log book and acceptance may take up to 30 days to compile pending receipt of disposal manifests and acceptance by the city. Will acceptance of the final project log book and acceptance be ok after the 120 day completion date requirement or would liquidated damages apply to this item as well?
- A. The site work shall be completed within the 120 day period. The City will allow an additional 30 days to complete the project log book and administrative related work. This does not apply to EBE, RPP, and Prevailing Wage reporting that is required to be completed on a monthly basis.
- Q. For Building 64W40 the asbestos survey Appendix A Table 1 Summary of ACM references building 69 (NO ACBM) but the summary of ACM indicates Pipe TSI, Electrical Fuse/Switch Box Insulations, Duct Wrap, and Black Mastic. Could you please provide a revised section of the survey to reflect the amount of quantities to be removed?
- A. A corrected version is attached.
- Q. For Building 58 the report references building 85. Is this a typo?

- A. A corrected version is attached.
- Q. How was the square footage of glazing calculated?
- A. The glazing square footage includes the total window area.
- Q. Can abatement of tunnel be completed during demolition?
 No.
- Q. Is the large tire near building 70 included for removal?
- A. Yes.
- Q. What happens to the debris on the ground after the water is removed from the ground (City assumes this question refers to water in the tunnel and pits in the project area)?
- A. The contractor shall test the debris and residual sediment to determine if it contains asbestos fibers, if the debris or residual sediment contains asbestos fibers above the regulatory limits, the contractor shall abate the debris and residual sediment. Please see Alternative No. 2 on the revised bid sheet.
- Q. What is included in Bid Item No. 30?
- A. The contractor shall complete an initial cleaning of all work areas prior to completing any abatement activities. The purpose of the initial cleaning is to remove all loose asbestos material that may be in the work areas so that the material is not crushed or dispersed to other areas of the property. The initial cleaning abatement shall be conducted in a regulated area with the asbestos containing material being sufficiently wetted and bagged. Downwind air monitoring will be conducted to ensure that minimal fiber release is occurring during this abatement. The work areas shall be cleaned to pass visual and clearance testing standards for asbestos.

 The contractor shall notify the City that the initial cleaning is complete and shall not complete any additional activities until the regulatory inspectors confirm that the initial cleaning pass visual and clearance testing standards for asbestos."
- Q. What is considered a container?

- A. A container includes any free standing item that contains a liquid or chemical that requires disposal prior to demolition. Vessels may include, but are not limited to, aerosol cans, paint cans, drums, pails, pressurized vessels, and totes.
- Q. How are the debris piles categorized?
- A. Category I.
- Q. Clarify if vermiculite and perlite in walls is included in abatement?
- A. The vermiculite and perlite contained in the walls will be abated during demolition. The small piles on the ground surface as a result of assessment activities shall be abated as part of the initial cleaning activities?
- Q. Is the cleanup and removal of the collapsed structure in building 58 included?
- A. The contractor shall remove the collapsed structure to abate material within and beneath the collapsed structure.
- Q. For Building 64W40 the structure of the 2nd floor has been deemed unsafe to access. How is the asbestos in this area to be removed? Will the prime contractor be required to demolish the entire 2nd floor wood floor as asbestos containing waste?
- A. The abatement contractor shall provide safe working conditions to conduct the abatement as required by local, state, and federal regulations. It is the contractors responsibility to determine the means and methods to complete abatement activities.
- Q. Final Cleaning what will be the requirements of final cleaning the building concrete floors and/or concrete/asphalt surfaces surrounding the buildings?
- A. Final cleaning is to pass visual and clearance testing standards for asbestos and visual observation for hazardous materials.
- Q. What is the expected or anticipated duration of Alternate #1 On Call Asbestos Abatement Maintenance Activities? How long will it be before completion of asbestos and completion of demolition activities?
- A. The estimated duration of alternate number 1 is up to one year from the date of Notice to Proceed.

- Q. In one section of the specification it indicates that the contractor is responsible for OSHA compliance air monitoring. In another section of the specification it indicates that the contractor will be responsible for providing a Third Party Independent contractor to perform visual and air clearance testing consisting of clearance testing, work area samples, barrier samples, and outside air samples. Could you clarify what air monitoring will be required for this contract?
- A. The City requirements are listed in Milwaukee Code of Ordinances (MCO) 66-12, which the contractor should fully understand. In summary (if there are conflicts with the following and MCO 66-12 defer to the code) the City requires: that 1 in every 4 workers in containment be equipped with a personal air monitor, that for every containment erected that adequate sampling of the air inside of containment show that the total fibers per cubic centimeter are less than 0.01, that for any exterior work not requiring containment that downwind air sampling be conducted to verify that fiber release is kept to a minimum.

The contractor shall either complete, or subcontract the necessary with qualified personnel to perform all of the specified tasks listed in the bid specs. The City does not require third party monitoring/air clearances unless AHERA applies.

- Q. During the walk thru it was mentioned that cleaning of piles of debris at building 82 would not be required to be placed into lined dumpsters or trucks. Could you confirm this statement?
- A. Handling, transport, and disposal of asbestos materials shall be in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
- Q. What will the requirements be for cleaning any other piles of debris identified in the surveys?

 The big pile of crushed gravel at building 60 how is this pile to be cleaned and disposed of?
- A. In regards to the large gravel covered area that is mixed with TSI where the removal of the top layer (3") is to be conducted: This abatement will need to be conducted in a full negative pressure enclosure due to the friable nature of the material. In regards to the scattered areas outside where the TSI has fallen to the ground in small quantities over large areas: This abatement will need to be conducted in a regulated area with the TSI being sufficiently wetted and bagged. Downwind air monitoring will be conducted to ensure that minimal fiber release is occurring during this abatement.
- Q. Building 51 survey indicates Roof Parapet Seam/Joint Caulk (grout as identified in Table 1). Would this material need to be removed by the abatement contractor or the demolition contractor?
- A. The material is Category I and in good condition and will be included with roofing material to be removed by the demolition contractor.

- Q. Building 51 survey indicates floor tile removal for 9"x9" and 12"x12" but does not indicate floor tile mastic. Sample 51-18A III shows floor tile mastic containing 5% and the associated 12" floor tile to be negative. I could not find a sample of the 9"x9" floor tile being sampled nor any reference of any 9" floor tile mastic is this material assumed to contain asbestos? Also building 62 survey indicates 12"x12" floor tile to contain 5% but that the floor tile mastic associated with the same floor tile to be negative. Please clarify if the contract requires removal of all mastic where floor tile removal is indicated? What would be the requirements for all other buildings indicating floor tile being removed?
- A. 1) The 9-inch square floor tiles and mastic at Building 51 is homogenous with material that was sampled at other on-site locations and is assumed ACM. Also, the mastic ACM for the 12-inch tile (non-ACM) should be removed.
 - 2) With regard to the 12-inch tile mastic at Building 62; removal of this non-ACM mastic is not required.
 - 3) With regard to mastic associated with 9-inch floor tiles; the mastic should be included with removal of the tiles. With regard to the mastic for 12-inch tiles; removal of the mastic is only required in areas where the mastic for 12-inch tiles is indicated as ACM.
- Q. Building 58 references building 85 throughout the report. Could you provide a clarification or a revised report for building 58?
- A. The revised Building 58 report is attached to this addendum.
- Q. Building 60 during the walk thru it was noted that the transsite electrical conduit poured into the concrete slab could remain in place for demolition. Could you confirm this statement?
- A. Confirmed.
- Q. Building 69 survey indicates roofing and windows however Appendix A Table 1 indicate NO ACBM. Could you please clarify this survey?
- A. The roofing and window glaze of the 4 windows at Building 69 are ACBM. The windows are to be removed prior to demolition by the abatement contractor and the roofing is to remain for removal by demolition contractor.

- Q. What is the intent of the Category I ACM as mentioned in the surveys? Several surveys indicate that Category I (caulking, electrical wiring, CMU wall seam/joint compound, etc.) is not required to be removed prior to demolition and may be removed at the time of demolition activities. Who is supposed to remove the Category I materials the abatement contractor under this contract or the demolition contractor under the demolition contract?
- A. It is understood that the City wants to have the electrical wiring removed by the abatement contractor, and that the caulk (except for windows) and CMU wall seam/joint compound will be removed at the time of the demolition activities.
- Q. Steam Tunnel Building during the walk thru it was indicated that the City will be responsible for dewatering the tunnel so that abatement can be performed. Could you confirm this statement?
- A. The abatement contractor is responsible for dewatering the tunnel. The water shall be filtered through a five (5) micron filter prior to discharge to an on-site sewer. The contractor shall obtain approval from the City or its representatives prior to disposing water into a sewer.
- Q. Building 52 survey indicates skylight flashing. Would this material be considered roofing material and remain in place for the demolition contractor?
- A. The skylight flashing should be considered as part of the roofing material that will remain in place for removal by the demolition contractor.
- Q. Building 52 survey indicates fibrous, wire insulation wrap > 1000 sf estimated. Is this suppose to be 1000 lineal feet? What is the classification for the wire insulation – is this friable material or non-friable materials and does this need to be removed by the abatement contractor or the demolition contractor?
- A. Yes, should be lineal feet. The wire insulation material was pliable/resinous in nature and characterized as Category I in good condition. It is understood that the City desires to have the wiring removed by the abatement contractor.

ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT WALKTHROUGH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OFFICIAL NOTICE 134 155 CENTURY CITY PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND C 8/29/2011 - 9:00 A.M. TO 12:00 P.M. MANDATORY WALK THROUGH

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ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT WALKTHROUGH MANDATORY WALK THROUGH

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OPTIONAL WALK THROUGH

ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT WALKTHROUGH

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OFFICIAL NOTICE 265 1555 CENTURY CITY PROJECT AREAS A, B, AND C 8/31/2011 - 9:00 A.M. TO 12:00 P.M.

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